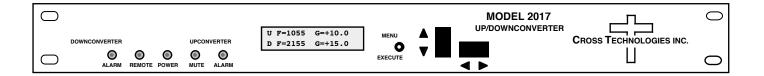
## **Instruction Manual**

# Model 2017-0923#-370

Up/Downconverter February 2022, Rev. 0



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#### INSTRUCTION MANUAL

#### MODEL 2017-0923#-370 Up/Downconverter

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#### MODEL 2017-0923#-370 Up/Downconverter

#### 1.0 General

#### 1.1 Equipment Description

The 2017-0923#-370 L-band Up/Downconverter has a 370 Mhz to 950-2300 MHz upconverter channel and a 950-2300 MHz to 370 MHz downconverter channel with 1 MHz step size tuning, low group delay and flat frequency response. Multi-function switches select the frequency, gain (upconverter 0 to +20 dB; downconverter 0 to +20 dB), and other parameters. Front panel LEDs provide indication of DC power (green), PLL alarm (red), remote operation (yellow). Remote operation allows selection of frequency and gain. L-Band Frequency and Gain settings appear on the LCD display. Connectors are BNC female for the IF, optional ext 10 MHz, and the RF. A high stability (±0.01 ppm) option (H) is also available. It is powered by a 100-240 ±10% VAC power supply and housed in a 1.75" X 19" X 16" 1RU chassis.

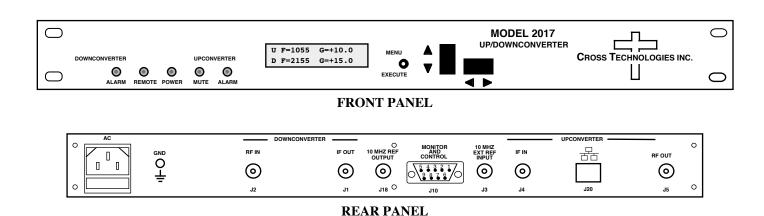


Figure 1.1 Model 2017-0923#-370 Front and Rear Panels

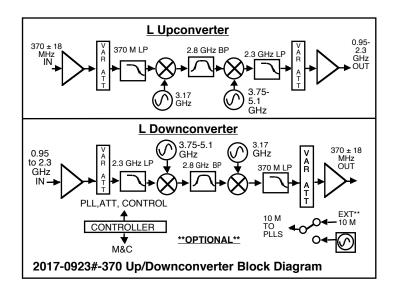


Figure 1.2 Model 2017-0923#-370 Up/Downconverter Block Diagram

#### 1.2 Technical Characteristics

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATION\$*			
Input Characteristics	UP, L	DOWN, L	
Impedance/Return Loss	75Ω/18 dB	50Ω/12 dB	
Frequency	370 ± 18 MHz	0.95-2.30GHz	
Noise Figure, Max.	20 dB @ max gain	15 dB @ max gain	
Input Level range	-30 to -10 dBm	-30 to -10 dBm	
Output Characteristics			
Impedance/Return Loss	50 Ω /12 dB	75 Ω /18 dB	
Frequency (GHz)	0.95-2.30 GHz	370 ± 18 MHz	
Output Level Range	-20 to 0 dBm	-30 to -10 dBm	
1 dB comp, max gain	+5 dBm	-5 dBm	
Mute @ 0 dBm out	>60 dB	N/A	
Channel Characteristics			
Gain, max. at Fc	+20 ±3 dB	+20 ±3 dB	
Gain, range, 1±1 dB steps	+20 to 0 dB	+20 to 0 dB	
Image Rejection	N/A	> 50 dB, min	
Spurious, Inband, sig. rel.	<-50 dBC, 0dBm	<-50 dBC, 0dBm	
Spurious, Inband, sig. ind.	<-50 dBC, Gmax	<-50 dBC, Gmax	
Spurious, Out of band	<-50 dBC,Gmax	<-50 dBC,Gmax	
Intermod - 2 carriers 4MHz	<-50 dBC,Gmax	<-50 dBC,Gmax	
Frequency Resp. band	±2.0 dB	±2.0 dB	
Frequency Resp. 36,40 MHz	±0.5 dB, ±1.0 dB	±0.5 dB, ±1.0 dB	
Frequency Sense	Non-inverting	Inv/Non-inverting	

#### **Available Options**

E - External 10 MHz ref in & out

H - High Stability (±0.01ppm) Internal Ref

X - 125 kHz step sizeX1- 100 kHz step size

X1002 - 1 kHz step, includes option -H Z5- Attenuator 0.5 ± 0.5dB Steps Comm. Interface/Standard RS232

Q - RS485 Remote Interface

W8 - Ethernet; w/Web Browser (WB)
W18 - Ethernet; w/WB & SNMP
W28 - Ethernet; w/TCP/IP, Telnet

W828 - W8 + W18 + W28

#### Connectors/Impedance

STD.  $50\Omega$  BNC (RF),  $75\Omega$  BNC (IF) D -  $50\Omega$  BNC (RF),  $50\Omega$  BNC (IF) N -  $50\Omega$  N-type (RF),  $75\Omega$  BNC (IF) M -  $50\Omega$  N-type (RF),  $50\Omega$  BNC (IF) S -  $50\Omega$  SMA (RF),  $50\Omega$  BNC (IF) S7 -  $50\Omega$  SMA (RF),  $75\Omega$  BNC (IF) SS -  $50\Omega$  SMA (RF),  $75\Omega$  SMA (IF)

#### **Synthesizer Characteristics**

Frequency Accuracy ± 1.0 ppm max over temp (±0.01 ppm, option **H**)
Frequency Step 1.0 MHz (125 kHz to 1 kHz step options available)

Phase Noise @ F (Hz) >	10	100	1K	10K	100K	1M
dBC/Hz	-55	-70	-70	-80	-90	-110

10 MHz Level (In or Out) 3 dBm,  $\pm$  3 dB, 75 ohms (option **E**)

**Controls, Indicators** 

Freq/Gain Selection direct readout LCD; manual or remote selection
Power; Alarm; Rem; Mute Green LED; Red LED; Yellow LED; Yellow LED
Remote RS232C, 9600 baud (RS485, Ethernet Optional)

Other

RF, IF Connectors  $\Omega$  BNC (female), 75  $\Omega$  BNC (female)

10 MHz Connectors BNC (female), **75Ω**, **works with 50 or 75 ohms** (option E) Alarm/Remote Connector DB9 (female) - NO or NC contact closure on Alarm Size 19 inch, 1RU standard chassis 1.75" H X 16.0" D

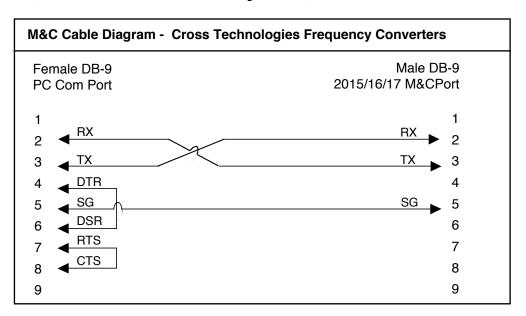
Power  $100-240 \pm 10\% \text{ VAC}, 47-63 \text{ Hz}, 25 \text{ W max}. (24, 48 \text{ VDC Optional})$ 

<sup>\*+10°</sup>C to +40°C; Specifications subject to change without notice

#### 1.3 Monitor and Control Interface

#### A) Remote serial interface

**Protocol**: RS-232C, 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 start bit, and 1 stop bit. (RS-232C, RS-422, or **RS-485** - **option -Q**)



Connector: Rear panel, DB-9 male

J10 Pinouts (RS-232C/422/485)			
Pin	Function		
1	Rx-		
2	Rx+ (RS-232C)		
3	Tx+ (RS-232C)		
4	Tx-		
5	GND		
6	Alarm Relay: Common		
7	Alarm Relay: Normally Open		
8	Not Used		
9	Alarm Relay: Normally Closed		

### **B) Status Requests**

Table 1.1 lists the status requests for the 2017-0923#-370 and briefly describes them.

\* PLEASE NOTE: The two character {aa}(00-31) prefix, in the table below, should be used ONLY when RS-485, (OPTION-Q), is selected.

Command	Syntax*	Description
Status	{aaS1}	Returns {aaS1bbbbccccdddeeffLMNOP} where:
		• bbbb = Tx frequency (bbbbbbb, option -x)
		4 characters - standard (7 characters - Option-x)
		• cccc = Rx frequency (cccccc, option -x)
		4 characters - standard (7 characters - Option-X)
		• ddd = Tx gain (-10 to 30)
		• ee = Rx gain (0 to 50)
		• ff = Tx input level (10 to 40 => -10 to -40 dBm)
		• L = Receiver Inversion (0 = non-inverted; 1 = inverted)
		• M = Receiver synth alarm (0 = alarm off; 1 = alarm on)
		• N = Transmitter synth alarm (0 = alarm off; 1 = alarm on)
		• 0 = Summary alarm (0 = alarm off; 1 = alarm on)
		• P = Transmit signal control
		(0 = disabled/muted; 1 = enabled/not muted)
External 10 MHz (option -E)	{aaS2}	Returns {aaS2bcd} where:
		• b = 10 MHz Selected (0 = Internal; 1 = External)
		• c = Upconverter 10 MHz insertion RF [J5])
		(0 = not inserted; 1 = inserted)
		• d = Downconverter 10 MHz insertion RF [J2])
		(0 = not inserted; 1 = inserted)
External 10 MHz (option -E1)	{aaS2}	Returns {aaS2bc} where:
		• b = 1 if internal reference mode is selected
		• b = 2 if external reference mode is selected
		• b = 3 if auto reference mode is selected
		• c = 0 if internal 10 MHz is active
		• c = 1 if external 10 MHz is active
IP Address (W8, W18, W28 only)	{aaSi}	Returns {aaSixxx.xxx.xxx.xxx} where:
		• xx is the IP address
Subnet mask(W8,W18,W28 only)	{aaSs}	Returns {aaSsxxx.xxx.xxx where:
		• xx is the subnet mask
Unit ID	{aaSU}	Returns {aaSUxx} where:
		• xx is the unit ID character string (max. 16 characters)
Product Info	{aaSV}	Returns {aaSV2017-xxxx ver y.yy} where:
		2017-xxxx is the model with options; yyy is the firmware Rev.
LNB Current (option -L)	{aaS3}	Returns {aaS3bb} where:
		• bb = LNB current, range 00 to 50 (0 to 500 ma)
SSPB Current (option -V)	{aaS4}	Returns {aaS4bbb} where:
		• bbb = SSPB current, range 000 to 250 (0 to 2500 ma)

Table 1.2 (2017-0923#-370 Commands, continued from page 7...)

Command	Syntax*	Description
Insert 10MHz on UP RF (option -E)	{aaC5x}	where:
(N/A option -E1)		• x = 0 to disable 10 MHz upconverter insertion on RF[J5]
		• x = 1 to enable 10 MHz upconverter insertion on RF[J5]
Insert 10MHz on DOWN RF (option -E)	{aaC6x}	where:
(N/A option -E1)		{0 to disable 10MHz downconverter insertion on RF (J2)
		{1 to enable 10MHz downconverter insertion on RF (J2)
Downconverter Spectrum	{aaC7x}	where:
		• x = 0 for non-inverted
		• x = 1 for inverted
Enable Remote	#	Just # sign
Disable Remote	{aaCRO}*	{CR and zero}
Set Ext Reference	{aaCEx}	where:
		• x = 0 for internal reference
		• x = 1 for external reference

#### C) Commands

Table 1.2 lists the commands for the 2017-0923#-370 and briefly describes them. After a command is sent the 2017-0923#-370 sends a return ">" indicating the command has been received and executed.

#### **General Command Format** - The general command format is {aaCND...}, where:

{ = start byte aa = address (RS-485 only **option -Q**) C = 1 character, either C (command) or S (status) N = 1 character command or status request D = 1 character or more of data (depends on command) } = stop byte

\* PLEASE NOTE: The two character {aa}(00-31) prefix, in the table below, should be used ONLY when RS-485, (OPTION-Q), is selected.

Command	Syntax*	Description
Set Transmitter Frequency	{aaC1xxxx}	where:
		• xxxx = 4 characters standard (7 characters -option-X)
		• Range: 0950-2150 MHz (0950000-2150000, option -X)
Set Transmitter Input Level	{aaClxx}	where:
		• xx = 2 characters
		• Range: 10 to 40 (-10 to -40 dBm)
Set Receiver Frequency	{aaC2xxxx}	where:
		• xxxx = 4 characters standard (7 characters -option-X)
		• Range: 0950-2150 MHz (0950000-2150000, option -X)
Set Transmit Gain	{aaC3xxxx}	where:
		• xxxx = 2 or 3 characters (4 characters - Option Z5)
		• Range: -10 to 30 (-10 dB to 30 dB, in 1 dB steps)
	Option Z5	• Range: -100 to 300 in 0.5 dB steps, omit the decimal point.
		Example:{aaC3 +155} sets the upconverter gain to 15.5dB.
Set Receiver Gain	{aaC4xxx}	where:
		• xx = 2 characters (3 characters - Option Z5)
	Option Z5	• Range: 00 to 500 in 0.5 dB steps, omit the decimal point.
		Example: {aaC4255} sets the downconverter gain to 25.5 dB.
		• Range: 00 to 50 (00 dB to 50 dB, in 1 dB steps)
Enable Tx	{aaCAx}	where:
		• x = 0 to disable Tx signal
Set Ext Reference	{aaCEx}	where:
		• x = 0 for internal reference
		• x = 0 for external reference

#### 2.0 Installation

#### 2.1 Mechanical

The 2017-0923#-370 consists of one RF/Controller PCB housed in a 1 RU (1 3/4 inch high) by 16 inch deep chassis.

A switching,  $\pm$  12,  $\pm$ 5,  $\pm$ 24 VDC power supply provides power for the assemblies. The 2017-0923#-370 can be secured to a rack using the 4 holes on the front panel. Figure 2.0 shows how the 2017-0923#-370 is assembled.

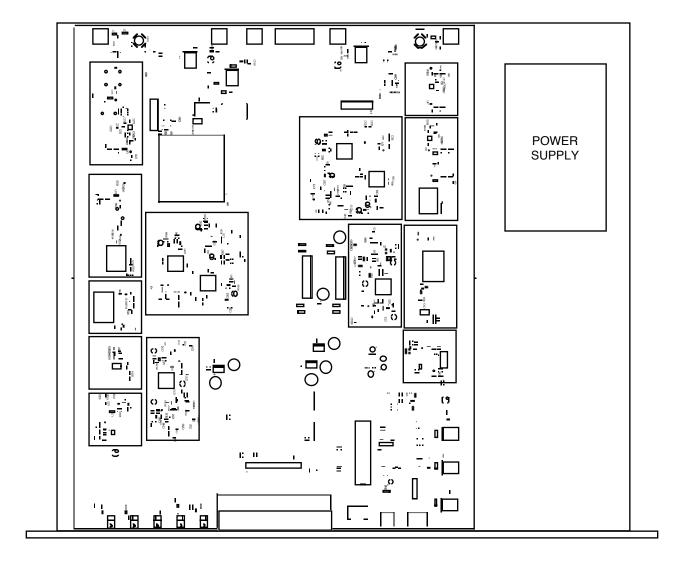


Figure 2.0 Model 2017-0923#-370 Mechanical Assembly

**2.2 Rear Panel Input/Output Signals and Control -** Figure 2.1 shows the input and output connectors on the rear panel.

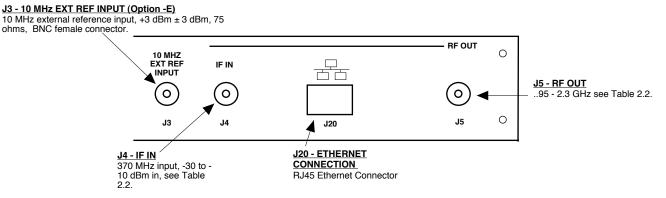


Figure 2.1 Model 2017-0923#-370 Rear Panel I/O's

TABLE 2.1 J10 Pinouts (RS-232C/422/485*)				
Pin	Function			
1	Rx-			
2	Rx+ (RS-232C)			
3	Tx+ (RS-232C)			
4	Tx-			
5	GND			
6	Alarm Relay: Common			
7	Alarm Relay: Normally Open			
8	Not Used			
9	Alarm Relay: Normally Closed			

#### \*Remote Serial Interface

Interface: DB-9 Male

Protocol: RS-232C (RS-232C/422/485 option -Q), 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits,

1 start bit, 1 stop bit.

TABLE 2.2 IF/RF Connector Options					
Option	IF	RF			
STD	BNC, 75Ω	Type F, 75Ω			
-В	BNC, 75Ω	BNC, 75Ω			
-C	BNC, 75Ω	BNC, 50Ω			
-D	BNC, 50Ω	BNC, 50Ω			
-N	BNC, 75Ω	Type N, 50Ω			
-M	BNC, 50Ω	Type N, 50Ω			

#### **2.3 Front Panel Controls and Indicators -** The following are the front panel controls and indicators.

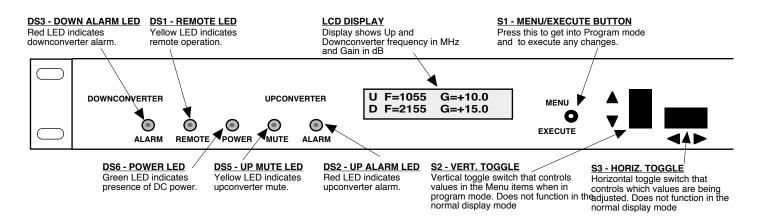


Figure 2.2 Model 2017-0923#-370 Front Panel Controls and Indicators

#### 2.4 Installation / Operation

#### 2.4.1 Installing and Operating the 2017-0923#-370, Upconverter Section

- 1.) Connect a -30 dBm to -10 dBm signal to IF In, J4 (Figure 2.1).
- 2.) Connect the RF OUT, J5, to the external equipment.
- 3.) Connect  $100-240 \pm 10\%$  VAC, 47 63 Hz to AC on the back panel.
- 4.) Set the desired output frequency (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).
- 5.) Set the input level (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).

#### 2.4.2 Installing and Operating the 2017-0923#-370, Downconverter Section

- 1.) Connect a -30 dBm to -20 dBm signal to RF In, J2 (Figure 2.1).
- 2.) Connect the IF OUT, J1, to the external equipment.
- 3.) Connect  $100-240 \pm 10\%$  VAC, 47 63 Hz to AC on the back panel.
- 4.) Set the desired input frequency (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).
- 5.) Set the gain to get the desired output level.
- 6.) Set the gain (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).
- 7.) Be sure DS6 (green, DC Power) is on and DS2 (red, Alarm) is off (Figure 2.2).

#### 2.4.3 External 10 MHz Reference Operation

The External Reference Option is required if the unit is to synch to a 10 MHz reference from an *external* source. The unit will still have an internal 10 MHz reference as a 'back-up' should the external reference be removed or fail. Described below are the two (2), 10 MHz External Reference Options, Option E & E1.

#### **Option E**

#### **Internal Reference Mode**

When the internal reference mode is selected, the unit's internal 10 MHz reference will become the 'primary' source and the unit's synthesizers will lock to this internal 10 MHz reference. The unit will ignore any external 10 MHz signal present on the external reference input (J13). The unit will also buffer the internal 10 MHz signal and provide it on the Reference Out connector (J14) at +3 dBm, +/- 3 dB.

#### **External Reference Mode**

When the external reference mode is selected, the external 10 MHz reference (received on J13) will become the 'primary' source and the unit's synthesizers will lock to this external 10 MHz reference. The unit *must* have a 10 MHz signal connected to the external reference input (J13) on the rear panel. The external 10 MHz signal must be +3 dBm, +/- 3 dB. The unit will also buffer the external 10 MHz signal and provide it on the Reference Out connector (J14) at +3 dBm, +/- 3 dB.

NOTE: There is no "auto-detect" capability in Option E. [See Option E1 below if this capability is required.] If the External Reference Mode is selected and the external reference fails or is removed, the unit will ALARM, but it will NOT automatically switch to the internal reference. The user will be required to manually select Internal Reference Mode (via the front panel LCD or Remote M&C) for the *internal* 10 MHz reference to become the 'primary' source for the unit.

Once the external 10 MHz reference is restored (on J13), the user must again manually (via the front panel LCD or Remote M&C) reelect External Reference Mode for the *external* 10 MHz reference to become the 'primary' source. L-band units with option E also have the ability to 'insert' the (internal or external) 10 MHz signal that has been buffered (as described above) on the center pin of the L-band (RF) connector(s).

#### **Option E1**

Units with option E1 operate as described above but also have an Auto mode. When in auto mode the unit will detect and select the external 10 MHz signal if it is present and at least +3 dBm. If the external 10 MHz signal falls below 1 dBm (+/- 1 dB) the unit will automatically switch to the internal 10 MHz reference. The reference out connector (J14) provides a buffered rendition of the selected 10 MHz signal at +3 dBm, +/- 3 dB.

Units with option E1 do not have the ability to insert a buffered rendition of the selected 10 MHz signal on the center pin of the (RF) connector.

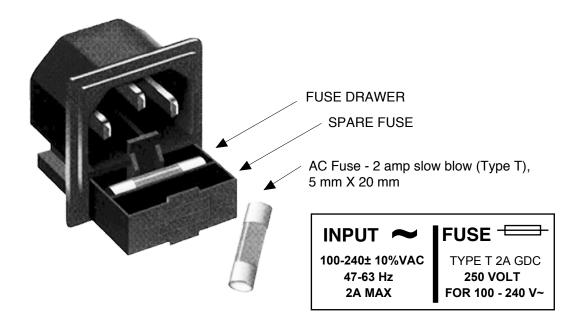


Figure 2.3 Fuse Location and Spare Fuse

#### 2.5 Menu Settings

**2.5.1 Functions** - This section describes operation of the front panel controls. There are three operator switches, the LCD display and alarm indicator LEDs. All functions for the equipment are controlled by these components. The functions are (see Figure 2.2):

## Power Up

#### **Normal Display**

Menu 1	Up Frequency in MHz
Menu 2	Up Input Lvl (Set from -30 to -10)
Menu 3	Up Gain (-20 to 0)
Menu 4	Down Frequency in MHz
Menu 5	Down Gain (set 0 to 20 for -30 to 0 dBm out range)
Menu 6	Set Downconverter Spectrum Sense
Menu 7	Up Mute
Menu 8	Set Unit to Remote Operation
Menu 9	Set Remote Interface
Menu 10	Set RS-485 address (option -Q)
Menu 11	Select External 10 MHz Reference (option -E) (option -E1)
Menu 12	Upconverter Reference Out (option -E)
Menu 13	Downconverter Reference Out (option -E)
Menu 14	View PCB Temperature (option -T)
Menu 15	View LNB and/or SSPB Current (options -L and/or -V)

Save Menu When go to end

Alarm indications appear on the LEDs (see figure 2.2).

All program changes must start with the operation of the Menu/Execute switch and must also end with the operation of the Menu/Execute switch verified by the "Save Settings?" Menu. If this sequence is not followed, none of the changes will take effect. If programming is initiated and no operator action takes place for approximately 30 seconds (before the final press of the Menu/Execute switch) the display will revert to its previous status and you will need to start over.

#### 2.5.2 Power-On Settings

# NOTE: THE LAST STATUS OF A UNIT IS RETAINED EVEN WHEN POWER IS REMOVED. WHEN POWER IS RESTORED, THE UNIT WILL RETURN TO IT'S PREVIOUS SETTINGS.

When power is first applied, the LCD display goes through three steps.

- 1. The LCD goes black to show all segments are functioning.
- 2. The model number with options software version will be displayed.

3. The present frequency and gain of the up and downconverter is shown.

U F=1055	G=+10.0
D F=2155	G=+15.0

The unit is now operational and ready for any changes the operator may desire.

#### 2.5.3 Control Switches

- 1. <u>Menu/Execute</u> Any change to the programming of the unit must be initiated by pressing the Menu/Execute switch and completed by pressing the Menu/Execute switch.
- 2. <u>Horizontal Switch</u> This switch is mounted so its movement is horizontal and moves the cursor left or right.
- 3. Vertical Switch This switch is mounted so its movement is vertical and has two functions:
  - a. During frequency, gain, input level changes, the vertical movement will raise or lower the number in the direction of the arrows.
  - b. For other functions such Mute on/off, the vertical switch will alternately turn the function on or off regardless of the direction operated.

#### 2.5.4 Frequency Changes

At any time during the modification process, if you have made a mistake and do not wish to save the changes you have made, **do not press the Menu/Execute switch**; simply do nothing for approximately 30 seconds, and the system will return to the normal operating mode or scroll to "R" and push the menu/Execute switch and select "NO" in the "SAVE SETTINGS?" window.

To change the FREQUENCY:

Operate the Menu/Execute switch until you get to the menu item you want to change (see Figure 2.4 for the sequence of menu options). The following display is for changing the upconverter frequency:

UP 
$$F = 1350$$
 R

Pressing the Up/Down switch down will toggle the display to:

UP 
$$F = 1450$$
 R

By using the horizontal rocker switch the cursor can be moved left or right.

UP 
$$F = 1450$$
 R

NOTE: CHANGES DO NOT TAKE PLACE ON FREQUENCY UNTIL YOU GO TO THE SAVE MENU AND INDICATE YOU WANT TO SAVE THE CHANGES.

When the display indicates the value desired you can push the Menu/Execute switch to the next item:

UP INLVL = 
$$-20$$
 R

NOTE: CHANGES TAKE PLACE ON LEVEL AND GAIN IMMEDIATELY BUT DO NOT GET SAVED UNTIL YOU GO TO THE SAVE MENU AND INDICATE YOU WANT TO SAVE THE CHANGES.

OR you can scroll to "R", push the Menu/Execute switch to get to:

SAVE SETTINGS?	ΥN

Selecting Y will save the new settings. Selecting N will revert to the previous settings.

Pushing the Menu/Execute switch then takes you to the:

Figure 2.4 shows all the menu items and how to make changes.

#### 2.5.5 Gain Changes

When you get to this menu note that the gain changes will be made as you make them but if you do not wish to save the changes you have made, scroll to "R" and push the menu/Execute switch and select "NO" in the "SAVE SETTINGS?" window or do not press the Menu/Execute switch; simply do nothing for approximately 30 seconds, and the system will return to the normal operating mode.

#### 2.5.5.1 Upconverter Gain

To set the upconverter gain, first push the Menu/Execute switch to get to the gain setting:

Operate the Menu/Execute switch until you get to the menu item you want to change. See Figure 2.4 for the sequence of menu options.

The following display is for changing the upconverter input level. This is an important setting to optimize spurious and should be made as accurately as possible:

UP INLVL = 
$$-20$$

Press the Up/Down switch to change the level in 1 dB steps and then push the Menu/Execute switch to get to the Gain setting:

DN 
$$G = +20$$

By using the horizontal rocker switch the cursor can be moved left or right.

Press the Up/Down switch until you have the desired gain.

NOTE: THE GAIN WILL CHANGE AS YOU ADJUST THE NUMBERS. HOWEVER, THE VALUE WILL NOT BE STORED UNTIL YOU INDICATE YES IN THE SAVE SETTINGS WINDOW. DO NOT SET A GAIN THAT WOULD EXCEED A 0 dBm OUTPUT LEVEL.

When the display indicates the value desired you can push the Menu/Execute switch to the next item OR you can scroll to "R", push the Menu/Execute switch to get to:

SAVE SETTINGS?	<u>Y</u> N

Selecting Y will save the new settings. Selecting N will revert to the previous settings.

Pushing the Menu/Execute switch then takes you to the:

U F=1055 G=+10.0 D F=2155 G=+15.0

Figure 2.4 shows all the menu items and how to make changes.

#### 2.5.5.2 Downconverter Gain

To set the downconverter gain, first push the Menu/Execute switch to get to the gain setting:

Operate the Menu/Execute switch until you get to the menu item you want to change. See Figure 2.4 for the sequence of menu options.

The following display is for changing the downconverter gain. Set the gain to provide an appropriate output level.

DN G = 
$$+20$$

Press the Up/Down switch to change the level in 1 or 10 dB steps. By using the horizontal rocker switch the cursor can be moved left or right. Pressing the Up/Down switch down will toggle the display digit selected until you have the desired gain.

# <u>NOTE</u>: THE GAIN WILL CHANGE AS YOU ADJUST THE NUMBERS. HOWEVER, THE VALUE WILL NOT BE STORED UNTIL YOU INDICATE YES IN THE SAVE SETTINGS WINDOW.

When the display indicates the value desired you can push the Menu/Execute switch to the next item OR you can scroll to "R", push the Menu/Execute switch to get to:

SAVE SETTINGS?	ΥN

Selecting Y will save the new settings. Selecting N will revert to the previous settings.

Pushing the Menu/Execute switch then takes you to the:

U F=1055	G=+10.0
D F=2155	G=+15.0

Figure 2.4 shows all the menu items and how to make changes.

#### 2.5.5 Alarm Indications

An alarm condition will occur if any local oscillator phase lock loop (PLL) comes out of lock.

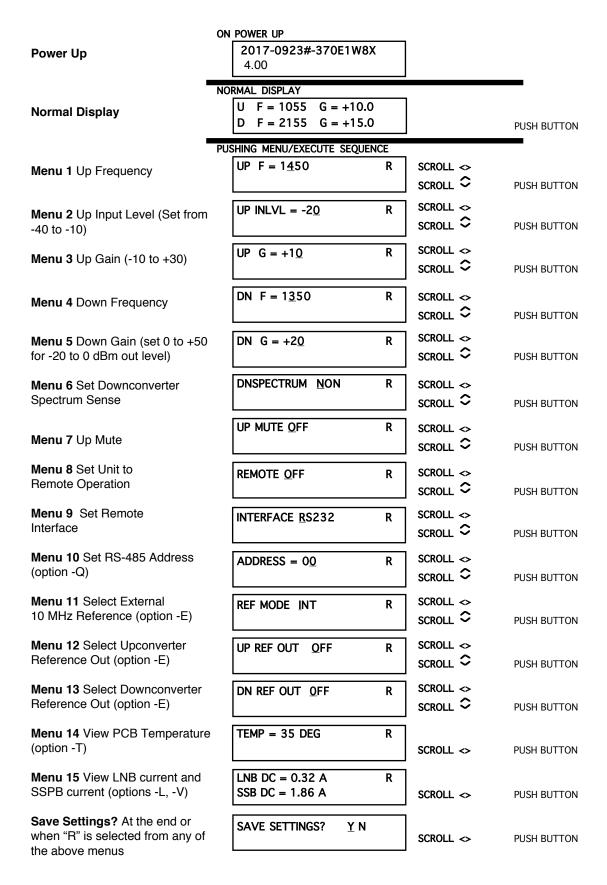


Figure 2.4 Menu Display and Sequence

#### 3.0 Environmental Use Information

- **A.** Rack-Mounting To mount this equipment in a rack, please refer to the installation instructions located in the user manual furnished by the manufacturer of your equipment rack.
- **B.** Mechanical loading Mounting of equipment in a rack should be such that a hazardous condition does not exist due to uneven weight distribution.
- C. Elevated operating ambient temperature If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack may be greater than room ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to Tmra (Maximum Recommended Ambient Temperature).
- **D. Reduced air flow** Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised. Additional space between unit may be required.
- **E.** Circuit Overloading Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of circuits could have on over current protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment name plate rating should be used, when addressing this concern.
- **F. Reliable Earthing** Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connection to the Branch (use of power strips).
- **G. Top Cover** There are no serviceable parts inside the product so, the Top Cover should not be removed. If the Top Cover is removed the ground strap and associated screw MUST BE REINSTALLED prior to Top Cover screw replacement. FAILURE TO DO this may cause INGRESS and/or EGRESS emission problems.



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