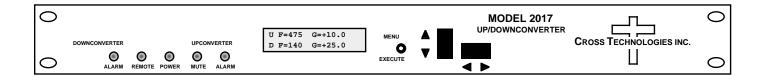
#### **Instruction Manual**

# Model 2017-1351 Up/Downconverter

September 2017, Rev B



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#### **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

### MODEL 2017-1351 Up/Downconverter

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#### MODEL 2017-1351 Up/Downconverter

#### 1.0 General

#### 1.1 Equipment Description

The 2017-1351 L-band Up/Downconverter converts 70 MHz to 130-512 MHz (Up) and 130-512 MHz to 70 MHz (Down) in 1 MHz steps with low group delay and flat frequency response. Synthesized local oscillators (LO) provide frequency selection. Multi-function push button switches select the RF frequency, gain, and other parameters. Front panel LEDs provide indication of DC power (green), PLL alarm for up and downconverters (red), remote operation (yellow), and Upconverter mute (yellow). Gain can be manually controlled over a -10 to +30 dB range for the upconverter and over a 0 to +50 dB range for the downconverter as adjusted by the front panel multi-function push-button switches. Remote operation allows selection of frequency and gain. Parameter selection and frequency and gain settings appear on the LCD display. Connectors are BNC female for IF and the optional external reference input and output, and Type F female for RF. LNB or SSPB +24 VDC and 10 MHz reference can be inserted on the RF lines as added options. A high stability (±0.01ppm) option is also available. It is powered by a 100-240 ±10% VAC power supply and housed in a 1.75" X 19" X 16" 1RU chassis.

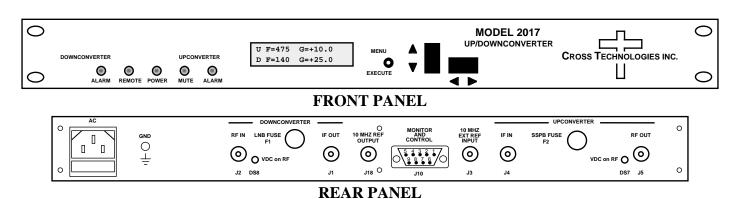


Figure 1.1 Model 2017-1351 Front and Rear Panels

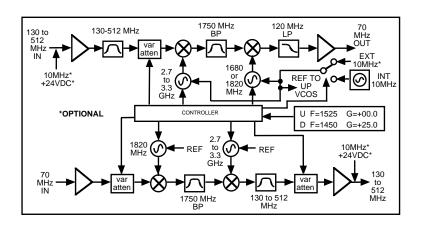


Figure 1.2 Model 2017-1351 Up/Downconverter Block Diagram

#### 1.2 Technical Characteristics

TABLE 1.0 2017-1351 Up/Downconverter Specifications\*

-----UPCONVERTER----------DOWNCONVERTER-----

**Input Characteristics (IF) Input Characteristics (RF)** 

Impedance/Return Loss  $75 \Omega / 18 dB$ Impedance/Return Loss  $75 \Omega / 10 dB$ Frequency  $70 \pm 18 \text{ MHZ}$ Frequency 130 to 512 MHz Input Level Noise Figure (max) -40 to -10 dBm 15 dB (max gain) **Output Characteristics (RF)** Input Level -70 to -20 dBm

Input 1 dB compression Impedance/Return Loss  $75 \Omega/10 dB$ -15 dBm Frequency 130 to 512 MHz **Output Characteristics (IF)** 

Output level -20 to 0 dBm Impedance/Return Loss  $75 \Omega/18 dB$ Output 1 dB compression +5 dBmFrequency  $70 \pm 18 \, \text{MHz}$ Output level/max linear -20 dBm/-10 dBm

**Channel Characteristics** 

Gain range (adjustable) Output 1 dB compression -5 dBm -10 dB to +30 dB

**Channel Characteristics** Frequency Sense Non-inverting

Gain range (adjustable) 0 dB to +50 dB, 1 dB steps

-----UP AND DOWNCONVERTER-----**Image Rejection** > 50 dB, minInverting/Non-inverting Freq Sense (selectable)

**Channel Characteristics** 

 $\pm 1.5$  dB, in band,  $\pm 0.5$  dB, 36 MHz BW Frequency Response

Spurious Response <-50 dBC

2nd Harmonic (Upconverter Only) < 40dB in band

0.01 ns/MHz<sup>2</sup> parabolic; 0.03 ns/MHz linear; 1 ns ripple Group Delay (max)

**Synthesizer Characteristics** 

Frequency Accuracy  $\pm$  1.0 ppm internal reference ( $\pm$ 0.01 ppm, **option H**)

Frequency Step 1 MHz (125 kHz, **option X**)

10 MHz In/Out Level  $3 dBm \pm 3 dB$ 

Phase Noise @ Freq 100 Hz 1kHz 10kHz 100kHz 1MHz -70 -70 dBC/Hz -80 -90 -100

**Controls, Indicators** 

Frequency Selection Direct readout LCD; manual or remote selection Gain Selection Direct readout LCD; manual or remote selection

Power Green LED Down/Up Alarm Red LED Up Mute Yellow LED

Yellow LED; RS232C, 9600 baud Remote

(RS485, option -Q, Ethernet M&C Remote Interface, option-W8)

Other

**RF** Connectors Type F (female) (see Table 2.2 for connector options) BNC (female) (see Table 2.2 for connector options) IF Connectors

10 MHz Connectors BNC (female) (**option -E**)

DB9 (female) - NO or NC contact closure on alarm Alarm/Remote Connector 19 inch, 1RU standard chassis 1.75"H X 16.0"D Size  $100-240 \pm 10\%$  VAC, 47-63 Hz, 45 watts max Power

**Options** 

-E External 10 MHz ref input & output w/ RF insertion

-H High Stability (±0.01ppm) internal reference

-L LNB Voltage, +24VDC, 0.5 amps -V SSPB Voltage, +24VDC, 2.5 amps

-Q **RS485** Remote Interface -T Temperature Sensor

-W8 Ethernet M&C Remote Interface -W18 Ethernet with SNMP M&C -X 125 kHz frequency steps -X1 100 kHz frequency steps

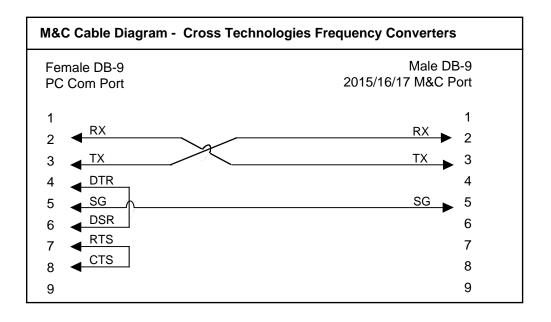
See Table 2.2 **Connectors/Impedance** 

<sup>\*+10°</sup>C to +40°C; Specifications subject to change without notice

#### 1.3 Monitor and Control Interface

#### A) Remote serial interface

**Protocol**: RS-232C, 9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 start bit, and 1 stop bit. (RS-232C, RS-422, or **RS-485** - **option -Q**)



Connector: Rear panel, DB-9 male

J10 Pinouts (RS-232C/422/485)		
Pin	Function	
1	Rx-	
2	Rx+ (RS-232C)	
3	Tx+ (RS-232C)	
4	Tx-	
5	GND	
6	Alarm Relay: Common	
7	Alarm Relay: Normally Open	
8	Not Used	
9	Alarm Relay: Normally Closed	

Table 1.1 lists the status requests for the 2017-1351 and briefly describes them.

<sup>\*</sup> PLEASE NOTE: The two character {aa}(00-31) prefix, in the table below, should be used ONLY when RS-485, (OPTION-Q), is selected.

Table 1.1 2017-1351 Status	Syntax*	Description
Command Status	{aaS1}	Returns {aaS1bbbbccccdddeeffLMNOP} where:
		bbbb = Tx frequency
		4 characters - standard (7 characters - Option-X)
		• cccc = Rx frequency
		4 characters - standard (7 characters - Option-X)
		• ddd = Tx gain (-10 to 30)
		• ee = Rx gain (00 to 50)
		• ff = Tx input level (10 to 40 => -10 to -40 dBm)
		• L = 0 - non-inverted Receiver; L = 1 - inverted
		• M = 0 - Receiver synth alarm
		• N = 0 - Transmitter synth alarm
		• O = O - Summary alarm
		• P = 1 - Transmit signal disabled (muted)
External 10MHz (option -E)	{aaS2}	Returns {aaS2bcd} where:
		• b = 1 - External 10MHz selected
LNB Current (option -L)	{aaS3}	Returns {aaS3bb} where:
		• bb = LNB current, range 00 to 50 (0 to 500 ma)
SSPB Current (option -V)	{aaS4}	Returns {aaS4bbb} where:
		• bbb = SSPB current, range 000 to 250 (0 to 2500 ma)
Temperature (option-T)	{aaST}	Returns {aaSTbbb}} where:
		• bbb = Temperature in degrees C.

<sup>\*</sup> PLEASE NOTE: The Address (aa) should only be used when RS-485 is selected. (option -Q ONLY)

#### C) Commands

Table 1.2 lists the commands for the 2017-1351 and briefly describes them. After a command is sent the 2017-1351 sends a return ">" indicating the command has been received and executed.

**General Command Format** - The general command format is {aaCND...}, where:

{ = start byte aa = address (RS-485 only **option -Q**) C = 1 character, either C (command) or S (status) N = 1 character command or status request D = 1 character or more of data (depends on command) } = stop byte

<sup>\*</sup> PLEASE NOTE: The two character {aa}(00-31) prefix, in the table below, should be used ONLY when RS-485, (OPTION-Q), is selected.

Command	Syntax*	Description
Set Transmitter Frequency	{aaC1xxxx}	where:
out transmitted traductory	(ddo rwwx)	• xxxx = 4 characters standard (7 characters -Option-X)
		• Range: 130 to 512 MHz
Set Transmitter Input Level	{aaClxx}	where:
The state of the s	(ddollar)	• xx = 2 characters
		• Range: 10 to 40 (-10 to -40 dBm)
Set Receiver Frequency	{aaC2xxxx}	where:
, ,		• xxxx = 4 characters standard (7 characters -Option-X)
		Range: 130 to 512 MHz
Set Transmit Gain	{aaC3xxx}	where:
		• xxx = 2 or 3 characters
		• Range: -10 to 30 (-10 dB to 30 dB, in 1 dB steps)
Set Receiver Gain	{aaC4xx}	where:
		• xx = 2 characters
		• Range: 00 to 50 (00 dB to 50 dB, in 1 dB steps)
Enable Tx	{aaCAx}	where x =:
		O to disable Tx signal
		1 to enable Tx signal
External 10MHz (option -E)	{aaCEx}	where x =:
		O to disable External 10MHz ref signal
		1 to enable External 10MHz ref signal
Downconverter Spectrum	{aaC7x}	where x =:
		O for non-inverted
		• 1 for inverted
Enable Remote	#	Just # sign
Disable Remote	{aaCRO}*	{CR and zero}

<sup>\*</sup> PLEASE NOTE: The Address (aa) should only be used when RS-485 is selected.

#### 1.4 Environmental Use Information

- **A. Rack-Mounting** To mount this equipment in a rack, please refer to the installation instructions located in the user manual furnished by the manufacturer of your equipment rack.
- **B. Mechanical Loading** Mounting of equipment in a rack should be such that a hazardous condition does not exist due to uneven weight distribution.
- C. **Elevated Operating Ambient Temperature** If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack may be greater than room ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to Tmra.
- **D. Reduced Air Flow** Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised. Additional space between units may be required.
- **E.** Circuit Overloading Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of circuits could have on over current protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment name plate rating should be used when addressing this concern.
- **F. Reliable Earthing** Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connection to the Branch (use of power strips).
- **G. Top Cover** There are no serviceable parts inside the product so, the Top Cover should not be removed. If the Top Cover is removed the ground strap and associated screw MUST BE REINSTALLED prior to Top Cover screw replacement. FAILURE TO DO this may cause INGRESS and/or EGRESS emission problems.

#### 2.0 Installation

#### 2.1 Mechanical

The 2017-1351 consists of one RF/Controller PCB housed in a 1 RU (1 3/4 inch high) by 16 inch deep chassis. A switching,  $\pm$  12,  $\pm$ 5,  $\pm$ 24 VDC power supply provides power for the assemblies. The 2017-1351 can be secured to a rack using the 4 holes on the front panel. Figure 2.0 shows how the 2017-1351 is assembled.

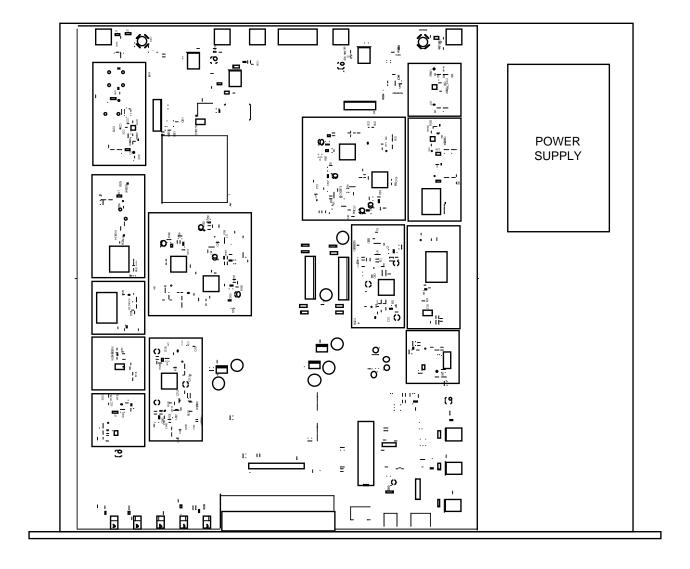


Figure 2.0 Model 2017-1351 Mechanical Assembly

#### 2.2 Rear Panel Input/Output Signals and Control -

Figure 2.2 shows the input and output connectors on the rear panel.

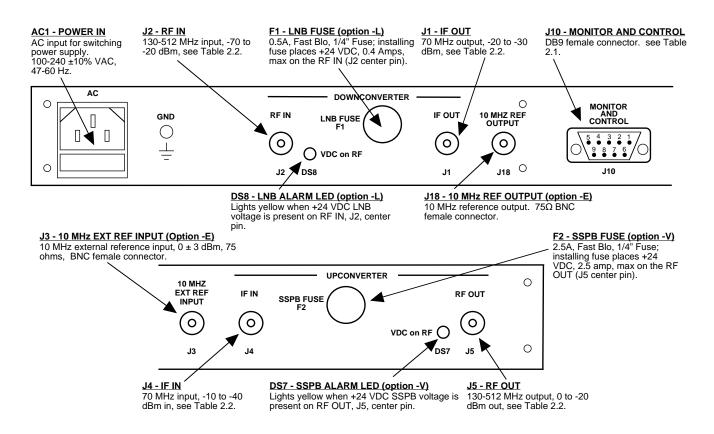


Figure 2.1 Model 2017-1351 Rear Panel I/O's

**Tables 2.1 & 2.2** shows the input and output connectors on the rear panel.

TABLE 2.1	J10 Pinouts (RS-232C/422/485*)
Pin	Function
1	Rx-
2	Rx+ (RS-232C)
3	Tx+ (RS-232C)
4	Tx-
5	GND
6	Alarm Relay: Common
7	Alarm Relay: Normally Open
8	Not Used
9	Alarm Relay: Normally Closed

\*Remote Serial Interface
Interface: DB-9 Male -- Protocol: RS-232C (RS-232C/422/485 option -Q),
9600 baud rate, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 start bit, 1 stop bit.

TABLE 2.2 IF/RF Connector Options			
Option	IF	RF	
STD	BNC, 75Ω	Type F, 75Ω	
-B	BNC, 75Ω	BNC, 75Ω	
-C	BNC, 75Ω	BNC, 50Ω	
-D	BNC, 50Ω	BNC, 50Ω	
-J	BNC, 50Ω	Type F, 75Ω	
-N	BNC, 75Ω	Type N, 50Ω	
-M	BNC, 50Ω	Type N, 50Ω	

#### 2.3 Front Panel Controls and Indicators -

The following are the front panel controls and indicators.

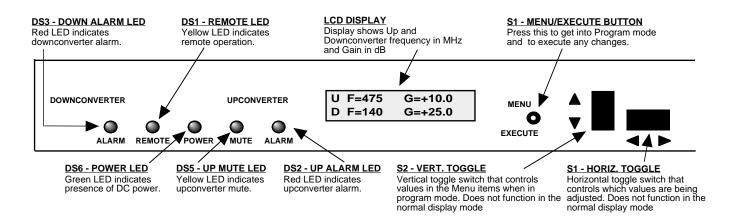


Figure 2.2 Model 2017-1351 Front Panel Controls and Indicators

#### 2.4 Installation / Operation

#### 2.4.1 Installing and Operating the 2017-1351, Upconverter Section

- 1.) Connect a -40 dBm to -10 dBm signal to IF In, J4 (Figure 2.1).
- 2.) Connect the RF OUT, J5, to the external equipment.
- 3.) Connect  $100-240 \pm 10\%$  VAC, 47 63 Hz to AC on the back panel.
- 4.) Set the desired output frequency (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).
- 5.) Set the input level (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).
- 6.) Set the gain (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).
- 7.) (option -V) To power the SSPB (+24 VDC, 2.5 amps max) from the 2017-1351 install a 2.5 amp 1/4" fuse in F2.

<u>CAUTION!!!</u> INSTALLING A FUSE IN F2 PUTS +24 VDC, 2.5 AMP POWER ON THE CENTER PIN AND MAY DAMAGE EQUIPMENT IF IMPROPERLY CONNECTED TO EQUIPMENT THAT CANNOT HANDLE THIS VOLTAGE OR HAS A DC PATH TO GROUND.

8.) Be sure DS6 (green, DC Power) is on and DS2 (red, Alarm) is off (Figure 2.2).

#### 2.4.2 Installing and Operating the 2017-1351, Downconverter Section

- 1.) Connect a -70 dBm to -20 dBm signal to RF In, J2 (Figure 2.1).
- 2.) Connect the IF OUT, J1, to the external equipment.
- 3.) Connect  $100-240 \pm 10\%$  VAC, 47 63 Hz to AC on the back panel.
- 4.) Set the desired input frequency (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).
- 5.) Set the gain to get an output level in the 0 to -20 dBm range (See Section 2.5 Menu Settings).
- 6.) (option -L) To power the LNB (+24 VDC, 0.5 amps, max) from the 2017-1351 install a 1 amp 1/4" fuse in F1.

CAUTION!!! INSTALLING A FUSE IN F1 PUTS +24 VDC, 0.5 AMP POWER ON THE CENTER PIN AND MAY DAMAGE EQUIPMENT IF IMPROPERLY CONNECTED TO EQUIPMENT THAT CANNOT HANDLE THIS VOLTAGE OR HAS A DC PATH TO GROUND.

- 7.) Be sure DS6 (green, DC Power) is on and DS2 (red, Alarm) is off (Figure 2.2).
- 8.) **AC Fuse -** The fuse is a 5 mm X 20 mm, 2 amp slow blow (Type T) and is inserted in the far slot in the drawer below the AC input as shown in Figure 2.3. There is a spare fuse in the near slot. If a fuse continues to open, the power supply is most likely defective.

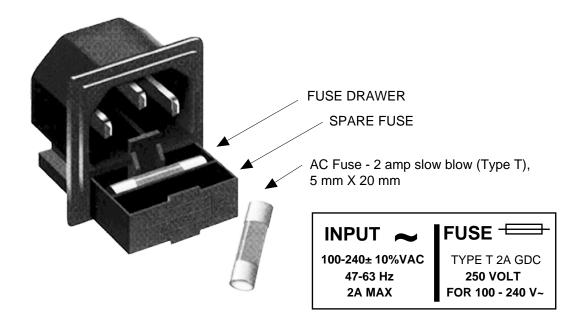


Figure 2.3 Fuse Location and Spare Fuse

#### 2.5 Menu Settings

**2.5.1 Functions** - This section describes operation of the front panel controls. There are three operator switches, the LCD display and alarm indicator LEDs. All functions for the equipment are controlled by these components. The functions are (see Figure 2.2):

#### Power Up Normal Display

Menu 1	Up Frequency in MHz
Menu 2	Up Input Lvl (Set from -40 to -10)
Menu 3	Up Gain (-10 to +30)
Menu 4	Down Frequency in MHz
Menu 5	Down Gain (set 0 to +50 for -20 to 0 dBm out range)
Menu 6	Up Mute
Menu 7	Set Unit to Remote Operation
Menu 8	Set Downconverter Spectrum Sense
Menu 9	Select External 10 MHz Ref (option -E)
Menu 10	Set RS-485 mode (option -Q)
Menu 11	Set RS-485 address (option -Q)
Menu 12	View PCB Temperature (option -T)
Menu 13	View LNB and/or SSPB Current (options -L and/or -V)

**Save Menu** At the end or when "R" is selected from any of the above menus

Alarm indications appear on the LEDs (see figure 2.2).

All program changes must start with the operation of the Menu/Execute switch and must also end with the operation of the Menu/Execute switch verified by the "Save Settings?" Menu. If this sequence is not followed, none of the changes will take effect. If programming is initiated and no operator action takes place for approximately 12 seconds (before the final press of the Menu/Execute switch) the display will revert to its previous status and you will need to start over.

#### 2.5.2 Power-On Settings

## NOTE: THE LAST STATUS OF A UNIT IS RETAINED EVEN WHEN POWER IS REMOVED. WHEN POWER IS RESTORED, THE UNIT WILL RETURN TO IT'S PREVIOUS SETTINGS.

When power is first applied, the LCD display goes through three steps.

- 1. The LCD goes black to show all segments are functioning.
- 2. The software version will be displayed.

3. The present frequency and gain of the up and downconverter is shown.

The unit is now operational and ready for any changes the operator may desire.

#### 2.5.3 Control Switches

- 1. <u>Menu/Execute</u> Any change to the programming of the unit must be initiated by pressing the Menu/Execute switch and completed by pressing the Menu/Execute switch.
- 2. <u>Horizontal Switch</u> This switch is mounted so its movement is horizontal and moves the cursor left or right.
- 3. Vertical Switch This switch is mounted so its movement is vertical and has two functions:
  - a. During frequency, gain, input level changes, the vertical movement will raise or lower the number in the direction of the arrows.
  - b. For other functions such Mute on/off, the vertical switch will alternately turn the function on or off regardless of the direction operated.

#### 2.5.4 Frequency Changes

At any time during the modification process, if you have made a mistake and do not wish to save the changes you have made, **do not press the Menu/Execute switch**; simply do nothing for approximately 12 seconds, and the system will return to the normal operating mode or scroll to "R" and push the menu/Execute switch and select "NO" in the "SAVE SETTINGS?" window.

To change the FREQUENCY:

Operate the Menu/Execute switch until you get to the menu item you want to change (see Figure 2.4 for the sequence of menu options). The following display is for changing the upconverter frequency:

Pressing the Up/Down switch down will toggle the display to:

By using the horizontal rocker switch the cursor can be moved left or right.

NOTE: CHANGES DO NOT TAKE PLACE ON FREQUENCY UNTIL YOU GO TO THE SAVE MENU AND INDICATE YOU WANT TO SAVE THE CHANGES.

When the display indicates the value desired you can push the Menu/Execute switch to the next item:

NOTE: CHANGES TAKE PLACE ON LEVEL AND GAIN IMMEDIATELY BUT DO NOT GET SAVED UNTIL YOU GO TO THE SAVE MENU AND INDICATE YOU WANT TO SAVE THE CHANGES.

OR you can scroll to "R", push the Menu/Execute switch to get to:



Selecting Y will save the new settings. Selecting N will revert to the previous settings.

Pushing the Menu/Execute switch then takes you to the:

Figure 2.4 shows all the menu items and how to make changes.

#### 2.5.5 Gain Changes

When you get to this menu note that the gain changes will be made as you make them but if you do not wish to save the changes you have made, scroll to "R" and push the menu/Execute switch and select "NO" in the "SAVE SETTINGS?" window or do not press the Menu/Execute switch; simply do nothing for approximately 12 seconds, and the system will return to the normal operating mode.

#### 2.5.5.1 Upconverter Gain

To set the upconverter gain, first push the Menu/Execute switch to get to the gain setting:

Operate the Menu/Execute switch until you get to the menu item you want to change see Figure 2.4 for the sequence of menu options.

The following display is for changing the upconverter input level. This is an important setting to optimize spurious and should be made as accurately as possible:

Pressing the Up/Down switch to change the level in 1 dB steps and then push the Menu/Execute switch to get to the Gain setting:

UP 
$$G = +20.0$$
 R

By using the horizontal rocker switch the cursor can be moved left or right.

Pressing the Up/Down switch down will toggle the display digit selected until you have the desired gain.

NOTE: THE GAIN WILL BE CHANGED AS YOU ADJUST THE NUMBERS. HOWEVER, THE VALUE WILL NOT BE STORED UNTIL YOU INDICATE YES IN THE SAVE SETTINGS WINDOW. DO NOT SET A GAIN THAT WOULD EXCEED A 0 dBm OUTPUT LEVEL.

When the display indicates the value desired you can push the Menu/Execute switch to the next item OR you can scroll to "R", push the Menu/Execute switch to get to:



Selecting Y will save the new settings. Selecting N will revert to the previous settings.

Pushing the Menu/Execute switch then takes you to the:

Figure 2.4 shows all the menu items and how to make changes.

#### 2.5.5.2 Downconverter Gain

To set the downconverter gain, first push the Menu/Execute switch to get to the gain setting:

Operate the Menu/Execute switch until you get to the menu item you want to change see Figure 2.4 for the sequence of menu options.

The following display is for changing the downconverter gain. This is an important setting to optimize spurious and should be made as accurately as possible to provide an output in the -20 to 0 dBm level range:

DN 
$$G = +30.0$$
 R

Pressing the Up/Down switch to change the level in 1 or 10 dB steps. By using the horizontal rocker switch the cursor can be moved left or right. Pressing the Up/Down switch down will toggle the display digit selected until you have the desired gain.

NOTE: THE GAIN WILL BE CHANGED AS YOU ADJUST THE NUMBERS. HOWEVER, THE VALUE WILL NOT BE STORED UNTIL YOU INDICATE YES IN THE SAVE SETTINGS WINDOW.

When the display indicates the value desired you can push the Menu/Execute switch to the next item OR you can scroll to "R", push the Menu/Execute switch to get to:

Selecting Y will save the new settings. Selecting N will revert to the previous settings.

Pushing the Menu/Execute switch then takes you to the:

Figure 2.4 shows all the menu items and how to make changes.

#### 2.5.5.3 Alarm Indications

An alarm condition for will occur if any local oscillator phase lock loop (PLL) comes out of lock.

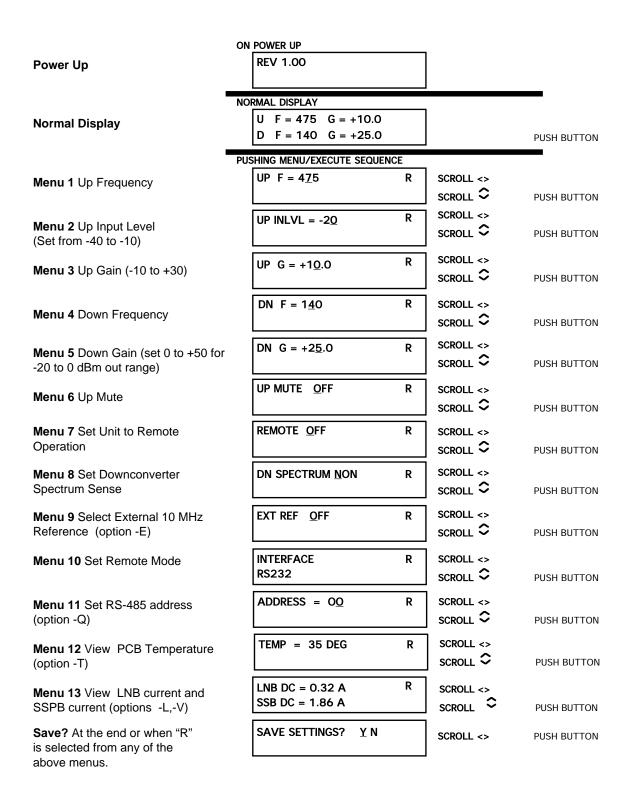


Figure 2.4 Menu Display and Sequence



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